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# Important Aspects of Providing Child Rights in the New Uzbekistan

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# **Abstract**

This article analyzes the important aspects of ensuring the rights of the child in the context of the developing landscape of Uzbekistan. It focuses on the main pillars necessary for the protection and promotion of children's rights in New Uzbekistan. The quality of access to education, health care and nutrition, protection from exploitation and violence, social inclusion and support for groups are highlighted. The article also focuses on the issues of children's participation and empowerment.

**Key words:** inclusion promotion, protection against exploitation and abuse, violence.

In today's developing world, one of the most pressing issues is the protection of human rights and freedoms at the state level, so it's no secret that the institution of child rights protection is taking the forefront. In the age of globalization, the arms race and the wars that are happening in the world for various reasons are destroying the lives of many people. It is not an exaggeration to say that it is one of the saddest cases to see that the rights of poor souls are being violated as a result of the struggles that are taking place in today's world.

In the era of transformational changes and consistent reforms, Uzbekistan is ready to reaffirm its commitment to protecting and developing the rights of its youngest citizens. The new era in Uzbekistan is once again focused on providing care, support and opportunities for every child to develop and realize their potential. This commitment extends to a variety of areas, from education and health, to protection from exploitation and abuse, to social inclusion and empowerment. In this

article, we will consider the important aspects of ensuring children's rights in the new Uzbekistan, highlight the main strategies and initiatives aimed at ensuring a bright future for the nation's children.

# **DISCUSSION**

Every one of the state democratic development the determinant is the most important of criteria one, without a doubt, is a person rights. Today's in the day a person rights protection of doing international and national mechanisms consistent improving going on, "women rights", "disabled persons rights", "patients such as" rights of the person separately rights is forming. Such entitled persons, own physical and social the situation is special attention the need presence because of society equal to entitled member of as life to forgive with one in line, help the need for separately right, privilege and from guarantees uses. That's it point of view by definition, international right in the system physical and mental in terms of to maturity insufficient, separate attention and to care, therefore, to birth until and from birth and then to the defense needs to the children present being carried out right, privilege and guarantees cover the recipient is "child rights" right field surface came. Child rights to himself special development the way pressing past important field being a human being rights of the concept indispensable structural is part of.

As Uzbekistan strives for progress and development, it recognizes the importance of protecting and promoting the rights of its children. As the country embraces new ideologies and reforms, certain important aspects are emerging as central pillars in ensuring the well-being and rights of every child. This article examines the important aspects of ensuring children's rights in the new Uzbekistan[1]. Quality from education everyone to use provide main is considered. To this not only to study acceptance to do indicators, maybe good prepared of teachers availability, modernization done study programs and city and in villages belongs to education infrastructure is also included.

As the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev noted, "For us, there is no alien child in the society and there should not be one. All of them are our own, Uzbekistan's children. If we show love at the right time, if we teach work, science, profession, good qualities, if we open their way, tomorrow the benefits will reach us and our society"[2]. Disabled children from marginalized communities children for inclusive to education investment input and of girls education in getting equal to opportunities have to be provide important is a step. Cheap and good quality medical from the service use each one of the child main is the right. To this regularly examinations, vaccinations and childhood period wide spread out diseases treatment enters According to Article 65 of our General Dictionary and: "Children of parents from the genealogy and citizenship from the situation strict look, law in front are equal Motherhood and childhood state by protection will be done"[3].

Addressing malnutrition through healthy eating, promoting breastfeeding practices, and providing nutritional support to vulnerable children is critical to their overall well-being. Strengthening child protection systems is essential to prevent exploitation, abuse and violence against children. This includes legal frameworks, reporting mechanisms and victim support services. According to the decision of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated April 22, 2019 No. PQ-4296 "On additional measures to further strengthen the guarantees of children's rights", the Representative of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Human Rights Deputy (ombudsman) - the introduction of the position of child rights representative was accepted for information[4].

If we take into account that until now no methodical manuals have been given by any bodies and organizations regarding the rights of the child in the family, the obligations and duties of the father and the mother towards the child, regarding the rights of the child, in cooperation with the professors

and teachers of the Family Education Organizations instructions of parents not to violate the rights of the child in the family, the rights of the child defined in the family, the equal rights and equal responsibility of the parents in the education of children, the establishment of responsibility for violating the rights of children in the family, and stating that every child is under state protection it is important to create a set of pedagogic guidelines and introduce them to the legislation by distributing them to every household through the neighborhood body. It is natural that ordinary people don't know the laws and codes because they don't want to read them or they don't have a job. It is appropriate to work on making the methodical instructions in printed form, which we want to put into practice, to be understandable to both children and adults. It is important to include specific information about whom and where minors can turn to in case of various unfavorable situations or if they feel that their rights in the family have been violated. At the same time, it will be possible to stimulate the formation of legal consciousness and legal culture in young families and minors.

Public awareness and education about children's rights, prevention of child abuse, and the importance of positive parenting practices are important components. It is important to protect the rights of orphans, children with disabilities, refugees, and children of people living in poverty and in need of social protection. This includes targeted interventions, social support programs and inclusive policies. It is intended to promote social inclusion through initiatives that promote community integration, reduce stigma and ensure equal opportunities for all children, regardless of their background or circumstances. It is important to recognize children as active agents in their own development and decision-making processes. Encouraging their participation in school, community and policy discussions will empower them and develop a sense of ownership of their rights. Creating platforms for children to express their thoughts, concerns and ideas and including them in decision-making processes at different levels fosters a culture of inclusion and democracy.

### **CONCLUSION**

To sum up, in our society today we are witnessing the disagreement between the husband and wife, the husband's attention to the family decreases, and as a result, the couple divorces and starts a new family or an incomplete family is formed without a family. Every child is born in nature. But what kind of person he will become in the future depends on those around him. Traumas occur in the psychology of a child formed in a single-parent family, and this does not leave a serious impact on his health. Unfortunately, the child has a natural instinct to seek attention and affection from the street. Taking this into account, it is certainly known that women's rehabilitation centers with family centers have been established in our Republic. Now, on the basis of the reforms, it is important and significant to establish separate child rights centers that combine law and jurisprudence in each neighborhood. As a result of this, the members of our society who see the violation of children's rights should be informed where they should contact and increase the effectiveness of campaign work.

Prioritizing these important aspects in the new Uzbekistan will ensure that every child enjoys their rights to education, health care, protection, inclusion and participation. Such a holistic approach contributes not only to personal well-being, but also to the overall development and prosperity of the country. Protecting children's rights is not only a legal obligation, but also a moral obligation that will shape a brighter and more just future for all.

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